Amendments to the Specification:

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 11, line 13 with the following rewritten paragraph:

According to a seventh aspect of the invention, in the distribution unit as in the sixth aspect, the connector housing is formed at the bottom with a resin reservoir recess sinking into the heat radiation member side as next to the connector abutment face against which the tip face of the different connector abuts is left, the terminal through holes are made in the formation area of the resin reservoir recess, the projection rib is provided at the connector bottom between the terminal through holes, and the tip face of the projection rib is positioned corresponding to the connector abutment face. In doing so, the tip face of a different connector is abutted not only against the tip of the projection rib, but also against the connector abutment face, and the insertion force when the different connector is inserted and connected can be distributed. Therefore, the projection rib can be made thinner and the external connection terminals can be placed closer to each other, so that the distribution unit can be formed more compact.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 18, line 25 with the following rewritten paragraph:

The power circuit section 1 is formed in both upper and lower margins with external connection terminals 14 and 15 provided by bending ends of specific bus bars 10a of the bus bars 10a to which external terminals are connected. In other words, the bus bars 10a are placed in a pattern such that the ends of the specific bus bars 10a are projected from a main body section 1a of the power circuit section 1, and the ends of the bus bars 10a of the bus bars 10a are bent, forming the external connection terminals 14 and 15. The main body section 1a of the power circuit section 1 refers to the portion of the power circuit section 1 contained in

the area shaped like the predetermined polygon. The external connection terminals 14 and 15 function, for example, as input terminals connected to the vehicle-installed power supply (not shown), fuse connection terminals 15 connected through fuse elements 50 to a bus bar board B (described later), output terminals connected to various electronic units (not shown), signal input terminals for transmitting an operation control signal to the FETs 11, or the like; groups of the external connection terminals which are grouped by function are placed in rows in a state in which they are gathered in predetermined areas (in the first embodiment, five areas) to form terminal assemblies 16.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 22, line 15 with the following rewritten paragraph:

The insulating case 3 is provided for covering the power circuit section 1 to provide the insulating properties of the power circuit section 1, and is opened in the projection direction of the fuse connection terminals 15 so that the fuse terminal 50 can be placed from the outside of the insulating case 3 in the tip placement part 15c of the fuse connection terminal 15 of the power circuit section 1 placed in the insulating case 3. In the first embodiment, the insulating case 3 is formed of an insulating material and includes a lower case 5, an upper case 7, and a seal member 4 disposed on the lower end face of the lower case 5.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 23, line 16 with the following rewritten paragraph:

The lower case 5 has a lower side flange part 5a projected upward in the margin on the opposite side to the heat radiation member 2 side, and the lower side flange part 5a is provided with a lower side guide groove 5b (terminal guide groove) for individually guiding

the fuse connection terminal 15, as shown in FIGS. 1 and 2. The lower side guide groove 5b has a width and a length provided corresponding to the extension part 15b of the fuse connection terminal 15. Therefore, the extension part 15b of the fuse connection terminal 15 is housed in the lower side guide groove 5b, and a portion of the extension part 15b, facing the heat radiation member 2 side, is covered by the cover. the half face of the extension part 15b (the half face on the heat radiation member 2 side) is covered. Almost at the center of the lower side guide groove 5b in the width direction thereof, a pin retention groove 5c is provided along the length direction. A pin 50a of the fuse element 50 (described later) is inserted into the pin retention groove 5c, and the length of the pin retention groove 5c is set appropriately in response to the pin 50a.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 25, line 1 with the following rewritten paragraph:

On the other hand, the upper case 7 has a lateral convex plate shape corresponding to the upper end opening of the lower case 5 and is formed with the inner center made concave as shown in FIGS. 1 and 3. The upper case 7 includes an upper case main body 7a, an upper side flange part 7b provided in the upper end margin of the upper case main body 7a and superposed on the lower side flange part 5a of the lower case 5, a deflection regulation part 7c projecting from the inner surface of the upper case towards the heat radiation member 2 side and being located along the side of the electric connection box containing connection terminals 15, projected to the left side (heat radiation member 2 side) on the base end side of the upper side flange part 7b in the inner face of the upper end of the upper case main body 7a, and the above-mentioned connector female housing 17 projecting from the outer surface of the upper case away from the heat radiation member 2 side and being located along the

side of the electric connection box containing terminals 14.projected to the right side in the outer face of the lower end of the upper case main body 7a.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 44, line 14 with the following rewritten paragraph:

On the other hand, the connector housing 136 is formed inside with a resin reservoir recess 139 with a bottom sinking below a connector abutment face 136a (heat radiation member 102 side) as next to the connector abutment face 136a against which the tip face of another connector abuts is left, and the terminal through holes 137 are made in the formation area of the resin reservoir recess 139, as shown in FIGS. 7, 8A and 8B. Some connector housings 136 are formed inside with a resin insertion hole 140 communicating with the inside of the wall part 133, specifically the lower side of the horizontal wall part 133b from the resin reservoir recess 139, as shown in FIGS. 7, 8A and 8B.